

- 1  **FuBi!**  
Automatic Function Exporting for Networking and Scripting (!!!)
- 2  **Cell Phones?**
- 3  **Introduction**
  - Me
    - Scott Bilas
    - Background
  - You
    - C++ developers working on boring back-end stuff
    - Visual C++ 6.0 Win32 x86 (but wait!)
    - Developers for other platforms don't leave! Many if not all of these concepts are portable (though *C++ is (mostly) required*). Check the paper for specifics.
  - This Talk
    - Glossing over specifics, they are covered in the paper
- 4  **What Is FuBi?**
  - First: I'm excited about FuBi!
    - (You should be too)
  - What is it?
    - FuBi originally meant "Function Binder"
    - Now it means "foundation of Dungeon Siege"
    - Originally published in [Game Programming Gems I](#)
      - By the way, be sure to buy a copy, I hear it's good ;)
    - FuBi is 15 times bigger since then (over a year ago)
      - Kept finding new applications for the system
      - It's the gift that keeps on giving – getting rickety though
    - Wait, let's talk about the problem first
- 5  **Two Guinea Pigs**
  - Choose two sample subsystems
    - 1. Scripting engine
        - Like SiegeSkrit, Java, Python, LUA
        - Say it's a standard p-code VM type thing
        - It's useful (and faster) if it has a parameter stack
      2. Network remote procedure calls (RPC's)
        - All we really need is a network transport for subpackets
        - Compression is always useful
- 6  **Why Choose These?**
  - They have something important in common: the need to be able to call arbitrary engine functions
    - Script engine must process CALLFUNC opcode
    - Networking must route an incoming packet to whatever object is expecting it
  - Everybody knows how to make them
    - Well treated in books, magazines, and online articles
  - Most games need these systems anyway
    - That includes games like Dungeon Siege
- 7  **The Problem**
  - How do these systems talk to the game?
    - How does a script call a C++ engine function?
    - How does a subpacket get to the correct C++ object?
  - Answer: painfully
    - Often involves nasty packing and unpacking of parameters
    - Other times it's worse: the engine functions must manually parse incoming generic parameters
    - It's 10x too much work, and masks opportunities for some advanced features that we will get to soon
- 8  **Base Requirements**
  - Regardless of method, we will always need certain things
  - Type database
    - Built-in's: *int, float, const char\**...

– UDT's: *std::string, Model, Actor, World...*

- Function database
  - Table of function pointers
  - *Model::Animate(), Actor::Think(), World::Sim()*

#### 9 **Base Requirements (cont.)**

- Method of filling out the databases
  - Fill the type database – each type has an ID, name, size, “POD-ness”, is-a-handle-ness...
    - Other stuff too, like string versions of enum constants
  - Fill the function database – ID, address, name, calling convention, parameter constraints...
- Method of calling functions
  - Parameter pre- and post-processing
  - Direct function call

#### 10 **Typical Methods**

- Databases filled manually
  - *Init* function or other global registration method (tedious)
- Parameter packing/unpacking
  - Each function receives a binary parameter data block
  - Requires serialization to be done by caller and callee
  - Disadvantages are obvious: lack of type safety, overhead in packing and unpacking
- Generic parameters (argc/argv)
  - Same disadvantages as above except worse: clients must implement mini-parsers!
- Tools (templates, macros) can help, but it's still too much work, too unsafe, and I'm lazy

#### 11 **Typical Methods (cont.)**

- Source code processor (SWIG or homebrew)
  - Best and safest solution so far, but *still* too much work
  - Adds steps to build process, slows down prototyping
  - Requires wrappers, lower performance
  - Exporting is still not *completely* automated
- What gets in the way
  - We do not have access to the compiler's symbol table
  - This is the single greatest problem I have with C++

#### 12 **The FuBi Hack (Uh, Method)**

- Use the module's export table
  - *declspec(dllexport)* to export functions to the system
  - Each export entry maps a function name to address
  - Iterate through export data to fill function database
- Take advantage of C++ name mangling
  - Extract class, function name, parameter types, return type, calling convention etc. by de-mangling the C++ name and parsing the results (lex/yacc)
  - Easy to do using functions in *dbghelp.dll*

#### 13 **Sample Usage**

- Function we want to export

```
bool PrintMsg( const char* text )
{ gScreenConsole.Print( text ); }
```

- Exported code

```
#define FUBI_EXPORT __declspec( dllexport )

FUBI_EXPORT PrintMsg( const char* text )
{ gScreenConsole.Print( text ); }
```

#### 14 **Advantages**

- Easy to export any function
  - Just add a tag!
- Works on any kind of function
  - Class method (static or nonstatic), global, vararg, overloads, namespaces, anything!

- Fully automated
  - All engine functions and types can be detected at game startup

#### 15 **Fill The Databases**

1. Read EXE export table (MSDN says how)
2. For each function, de-mangle the name
3. Parse the results, extract necessary info
  - a. Function and class name
  - b. Function pointer
  - c. Parameter types and return type
  - d. Calling convention
  - e. Various flags: static, virtual, const
4. Add info to function database, assign ID

#### 16 **Script Compiler**

1. Parser detects a function call (say it's like C++)
2. Look up the function entry in the database
3. Verify parameter type match, do necessary conversions
4. Emit CALLFUNC opcode with the function ID as data

#### 17 **Script Virtual Machine**

- Assume ordinary p-code based virtual stack machine
  - Store stack in OS format for convenience
    - Grow downward, DWORD-aligned
1. Push parameters on stack left-to-right (going upwards in memory)
  2. Look up function pointer based on ID
  3. Execute blind function call (more on this later)

#### 18 **Network Router**

- Say it's just a packet pipe
  - Send chunks of data (subpackets) to it and it will route it to the destination machine(s)
  - Each chunk will be the function ID followed by parameters, followed by indirect data
- Careful to watch for passing pointers over the network
  - Addresses cannot resolve
  - We can handle this!

#### 19 **Network Router (cont.)**

1. Networked function automatically wraps up parameters for the transport
  - Use a macro to make it easy
  - Requires some inline assembly
2. Special handling for pass-by-reference parameters
  - Pointers don't work over networks
  - POD types can tack raw data onto end of chunk
  - Non-POD types can be converted to/from a "network cookie"
3. Special handling for *const char\**, *std::string*
4. Resolve "this" pointers same as 2(b).

#### 20 **Network Dispatcher**

1. Resolve function ID from chunk into pointer
2. Resolve pointers, "this", and strings (reverse of network router)

#### 21 **Blind Function Caller**

- Easiest to write it all in assembly code (see paper)
- Require one per calling convention
  - *cdecl*, *stdcall*, *thiscall*, *thiscall + vararg* (no *fastcall*)
- Each blind caller performs same ops
  1. Receive function address, stack pointer, and size of parameters
  2. Reserve state on thread stack, then copy virtual stack onto thread stack
  3. *CALL* the function
  4. Pull *STO* off FPU stack if function returns a float/double, otherwise return value is in *eax*

#### 22 **Convenience Is Power!**

- Your game has a console (if not, it should)

- Give the console the ability to execute scripts dynamically
  - This should be easy
  - Just wrap up what's entered in the console in a function and execute it on the fly
- Now this is an excellent test tool

### 23 Quick Tests and Tweakers

- It takes 30 seconds to add something like this to any .cpp file and instant recompile:

```
FUBI_EXPORT TestCrash( void )
{ *(int*)0 = 0; }
FUBI_EXPORT TweakMyVar( float f )
{ gMySystem.SetVar( f ); }
```

- Convenience like this is *powerful* – can immediately bring up an entire interactive debug system in seconds.
- Dungeon Siege exports nearly 2000 functions currently. Why? Because we can!

### 24 Insert Sexy Demo Here

### 25 Porting Notes

- No *dllexport* facility on your platform?
  - Linker can make a .map file that you can parse
  - Or get what you need from debug symbols
  - Will need text file to say which functions are exported (otherwise can't tell the difference)
- No helper function to de-mangle names?
  - If using an open source compiler like *gcc*, figuring out how the mangler works should be easy

### 26 Porting Notes (cont.)

- Not x86 instruction set?
  - Shouldn't be difficult to port to another assembly language
- Programming in something other than C++?
  - C++ wrappers that call engine functions
  - All we need is the name mangling to get the type info
  - I use this technique in reverse on Dungeon Siege for calling Skrit functions from C++
  - The function itself is immaterial, we just need the mangled name to get type info!

### 27 Final Notes

- Regarding use of *dbghelp.dll*
  - Probably don't want to ship this with the game
  - Also security may be an issue if multiplayer
  - Write a little postprocessor that strips the EXE of its export table and throws it in the resource section in a form that FuBi can read directly (maybe encrypt it too, not that it will stop hackers)
- Regarding *virtual* functions
  - We don't know which entries in the vtbl are for what, so can't call the proper dynamic function (easy to work around though)

### 28 The End (?)

### 29 Next Steps

- Pretty pedestrian v1.0 stuff so far
  - It took about a week to implement FuBi 1.0
  - Around 1,000 lines of code originally
  - Just the beginning of the really fun stuff
- Why is this all worth the trouble?
- Step back and examine the system from a higher level:

Function database + type database  
= *self-awareness*

### 30 Self-Awareness

- Self-Awareness: the game knows its own types
  - Then it can do lots of things automatically
  - Game can intelligently debug and report on itself
- Other languages such as C# and Java already have this ability (damn them)
- Apparently most of us use C++
  - We'll probably never get this ability in our language

- FuBi can help bridge the gap
  - Can enhance this through special conventions

31  **Special Conventions**

- Tell FuBi about special naming conventions for extra special functionality
- Singleton lookup
- Network cookie transformation
  - Also use for save game!
- Permissions, function sets

32  **Special Conventions (cont.)**

- Documentation
- Possibilities are limitless
  - We are defining a functional export protocol
  - This is nothing new, except that FuBi provides the greatly needed automation
  - This removes requirements for #include and linking

33  **External Binding**

- FuBi can live anywhere, no reason we have to stick it on the game EXE
- It can bind to arbitrary modules, so long as there are exports to be found
- Use it for “native interfaces” useful to the mod community
  - All they have to do is *dllexport* their functions and FuBi can route script calls to their DLL’s
- By the way, this makes adding a scripting engine to any app simple – just link it in and it can autodetect everything

34  **External Binding (cont.)**

- Use it for dynamic debugging
  - Be able to attach/detach a *devtools.dll* during normal gameplay
  - Need a change during debugging? Detach the DLL, update it, recompile it, then reattach and reinit FuBi
  - New functions are now ready to go, all without exiting and reloading the game

35  **Other Fun Possibilities**

- Detect nested RPC’s
  - Obviously can be bad for performance
- Execute callbacks to validate params passed over the network
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36  **Contact Info**

Scott Bilas

<http://scottbilas.com>

Web site contains this presentation in PowerPoint and IE HTML formats, plus sample code for VC++ 6.0 on x86 Win32.